

Optimizing Perceptual Quality Prediction Models For Multimedia Communication Systems

PhD Candidate: *Lohic Fotio Tiotsop (lohic.fotio@polito.it)*

1. Introduction & Research

Question

- Multimedia Processing Systems (MPSs) aim at capturing, compressing/coding, enhancing, transmitting and decoding multimedia content;
- For each of these task, the MPS is expected to generate a content with the **best perceptual quality** as possible under **bandwidth** and **storage capacity constraints**.
- A research question of interest is how to design quality prediction algorithms (QPAs) that can predict the quality of a processed content as humans would perceive it?

2. Applications

- Monitoring the final users' quality of experience (QoE), e.g., **Netflix** uses a QPA called **VMAF**;
- Designing and comparing codecs, e.g., at the **same compression level (bit rate)**, the **best codec** is the one that **guarantees higher quality** as measured by a QPA.

3. State-of-the-art limitations

- Existing QPAs typically aim at **MOS prediction**;
- The **MOS** of a content is the **Mean** of the **Opinion Scores** of a group of human viewers on the quality of that content;
- Existing QPAs are **not able to accurate in all situations**;
- QPAs as MOS estimators, **do not fully account for the individual expectations of final users**;

4. PhD Contribution

- I proposed for the first time to train a Deep Neural Network (DNNs) that can mimic an individual human viewer in terms of quality perception;
- I called such a DNN an **Artificial Intelligence-based Observer (AIO)**;
- **Many AIOs** can be trained to mimic viewers with **different characteristics**, yielding a more complete quality estimation process.

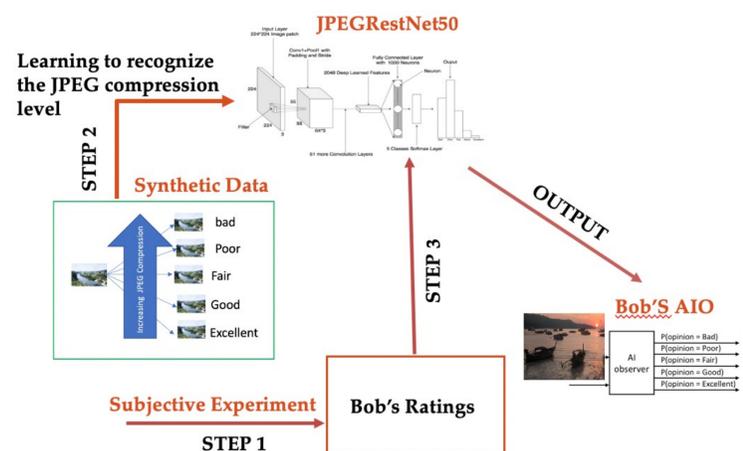


Fig: The Bob's AIO training process

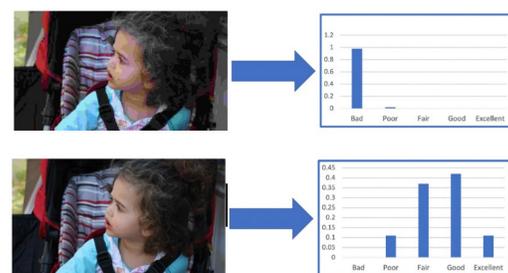


Fig: AIOs performance showcase on two images

5. References

1. L. Fotio Tiotsop et al "Mimicking Individual Media Quality Perception with Neural Networks based Artificial Observers". In: ACM Transactions on Multimedia Computing, Communications and Applications (2021).
2. L. Fotio Tiotsop et al "Deep Convolutional Neural Networks based Artificial Observers for No Reference Image Quality Assessment". Submitted to: Signal Processing: Image Communication (2021).